PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1784.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On SATURDAY next, the 8th instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Joseph Rush, Esq; near the Callow-Hill market,

ALL the bricks and other materials, together with the pavement in front of the several buildings of the barracks, in the Northern Liberties, excepting the large house in the middle of the west front. To be sold in parcels of one or more houses together, as may be most suitable.

The purchasers to pull down the buildings respectively, and remove the several materials within the space of three weeks from the day of sale, to the end that the whole may be subdivided into lots and sold, agreeable to an act of Assembly, passed the first day of April last.

One third of the purchase money to be paid down, and security given for the payment of the remaining two thirds within the space of six months after.

MICHAEL HILLEGAS, TENCH FRANCIS, } Commissioners.

RICHARD FOOTMAN,

Is removed into Third-street next door but one to the BUNCH OF GRAPES INN, between Market and Arch-streets,

Where he has for SALE,

A general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the season, just imported from Europe. †

April 30, 1784.

PURSUANT to the last will and testament of Joseph Austin, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceased, will be exposed to public sale (if not before disposed of at private) on the 24th day of May next, at the house of Elizabeth Baxter, in said township, either entire or in lots, as may be judged most convenient on said day, One Hundred acres of LAND, well situated on the old York Road, about twelve miles from Philadelphia, on which is a stone dwelling-house, one story high, two rooms below, and a cellar under the whole, and a log kitchen adjoining, also a log barn and stabling; there is about 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a considerable number of acres more may be made, and chiefly watered by a never failing stream that runs through the land, together with sundry springs rising thereon, about 60 acres of cleared land, the remaining part woodland, some of which has very good timber for immediate use, as well as young thriving timber; it is conveniently situated to two different places of worship, as also to sundry grist-mills and lime-kilns. Any person inclining to purchase, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to SUSANNA AUSTIN, executrix, living near the premises, or THOMAS AUSTIN, executor, in the Manor of Moreland.

N. B. The purchaser may have immediate possession.

Fourth Month 30, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three story brick HOUSE, with two rooms on a floor, and a good garret, also a two story kitchen, with a handsome chamber and fire place over it, a good cellar under the whole, and cellar windows glazed, all just finished; the said house and kitchen are situate on the main street in the borough of Wilmington, New-Castle county. The premises are conveniently calculated, having an alley to the front of the house, with the privilege of a fourth part of a new pump of water, nearly before the door. The lot is clear of ground rent, and extends through the square from street to street, with a commodious stable and garden on the back part thereof. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia, or JOEL ZANE, in Wilmington aforesaid, who will shew the premises.

Likewise for SALE, A PLANTATION in Chester county, containing about 160 acres, exceedingly well timbered, &c. Apply as above.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the 20th of June next, four contiguous Lots of GROUND, in Arch-street, between Second and Third-streets in the city of Philadelphia,

No. 1. CONTAINS on Arch-street, 18 feet and 90 feet on Moravian-alley, on which is erected a three story brick dwelling-house, piazza, kitchen and wash-house also three stories high, adjoining is a one story brick building, with a fire-place, and cellar under it, suitable for an office. The parlours are papered and have marble chimney pieces. The buildings ensured for several years to come, and clear of ground rent, or any incumbrance.

No. 2. Eighteen feet on Arch-street, bounded by the above described lot to the eastward, 90 feet deep, but after running 55 feet, widens to feet. It has on it a good two story brick house with ceiled garrets and fire-places in them, and a loft above, a brick kitchen two stories high; insured and clear, as above.

No. 3. In breadth 17 feet 2 inches on Arch-street, and continuing that breadth 25 feet, then it widens to the breadth of 18 feet 8 inches, thence 25 feet further back, with the privilege of a three feet alley; bounded to the east, by the estate late of Samuel Hall, deceased: A stable and carriage-house very roomy, the former built within a few years. Commodious lofts are erected on this lot, which pays a small ground-rent of 30*s* to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

No. 4. Is bounded to the eastward by No. 2, and two lots of John Sprogel; to the southward by Messrs. Bulley and Hall's lots and houses on Arch-street; to the westward partly by No. 3, and ground of Jesse Jones; and to the northward by Peter Miller's ground, being 29 and an half feet by 55, having no rent-charge or incumbrance, this is a very advantageous lot, and by a proper division capable of considerable profit to the purchaser. For terms apply to PETER MILLER in Third-street, where a plan may be seen. †

THE Subscribers, prisoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the state of New-Jersey, to have the benefit of the insolvent law; they are therefore requested to appear at the Courthouse in Bridgetown on Wednesday, the third of June next, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of their estates should not be made, and they be discharged according to said law.

Cumberland Goal, April 28, 1784. EDWARD KETCHUM, THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

Reading, April 17, 1784.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, at the house of John Hartman, Inn-keeper, in Reading, in the county of Berks, on Tuesday, the 11th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, about 1500 acres of LAND, situate in Hereford township, in the said county, divided into several tracts to suit the purchasers, according to a plan which may be seen at my office, in Reading, on one of which tracts is the seat of a furnace, known by the name of Hereford or Mayberry furnace, and on one other is a mine of iron ore, called Rock Mine, and on one other are sundry small improvements, and abundance of good timber. The whole being the estate of Thomas Mayberry, the younger, seized and taken in execution, by

¶ PHILIP KREMER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of an act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, will be sold, on Tuesday, the 11th day of May next, on the premises, the Court-house, Goal and Lot of Ground, with the other public buildings thereon, situate in the borough of Chester, sold together or separate, as may best suit. The sale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon.

April 17, 1784. JOHN HANNUM, ISAAC TAYLOR, JOHN JACOBS.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 100 acres of good LAND, situate in the township of Willistown, and county of Chester, 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 12 from Chester, in a very healthy and pleasant part of the country, convenient to several places of worship, mills, &c. There are on the premises a new stone dwelling-house, two stories high, two rooms on a floor, a large stone kitchen adjoining it, both of which have good cellars under them, a never failing well of excellent water near the door, also a good spring of water, with a stone house over it, a good frame barn and stables, and apple orchard, consisting of various kinds of fruit. There are about 60 acres cleared, 10 of which are meadow, well watered by a constant stream, and as much more may be made at a small expence; the wood land is extraordinary well timbered; the whole in good repair, and the title indisputable.

¶ JOSEPH HIBBARD.

Just imported in the last vessels from London, Bristol and Glasgow, and to be sold by

WILLIAM & JAMES MILLER,

At their store in Front-street, the corner of Gray's-alley, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets,

A LARGE assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the approaching season, among which are, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, 3-qr. dowlas, brown quadruple, silesia, brown and white Russia sheetings, 9-qr. Flanders bed ticks, 3 qr. and 7-8ths striped ticken, brown and white buckram, calicoes and chintzes, 6-qr. humhums and cassaes, plain and striped yard wide muslins, a variety of linen and check handkerchiefs, Barcelona, Bandanoe, Romal and Pullicat ditto, India nankeens, cotton counterpanes, Marseilles quilting, gauzes of all kinds, plain and flowered kenting lawns, plain catgut, white and colored Scotch threads, mens, womens and childrens thread and cotton hose, mens silk ditto, womens silk mitts and gloves, durants, callimancoes, shalloons, camblettees, mohair buttons and twist, sewing silk, cotton stripes, a large variety of ribbons, India Persians, pins and needles of all sizes, womens and girls shoes by the box, ivory and horn combs, glass beads, knives and forks, &c. all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. They expect a very large assortment of other goods by the first vessels from different parts of Europe. 6 w.

THE FULL-BLOODED HORSE

GREY FIGURE,

WILL cover Mares at the stable of the Subscriber, in Buckingham township, Bucks county, and state of Pennsylvania, at the low rate of Three Pounds the Season; the money to be paid at the time of covering, or in six months; and if not paid then, Nine Dollars.

Figure is a dapple grey, full fifteen hands, one and a half inch high, rising ten years old this grass. He was got by the old noted Horse Figure, and out of a Dove and Othello Mare. He is as high bred a horse as any on the continent, and inferior to none for elegance. The Subscriber has lately obtained a certificate from Maryland, in order to give satisfaction to any Gentleman who may dispute his blood

All persons who chuse to send their Mares may depend on having good pasture provided for, and the best care taken of them, by their humble servant,

April 15, 1784. ¶ WILLIAM BENNET.

PURSUANT to an order issued out of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Chester, will be sold at public vendue, by the administrators of the estate of George Sharp, late of New-Garden, deceased, on the 20th day of May next; the sale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A valuable Tract of Land, situate in the township of New-Garden aforesaid, bounded by lands of John Scarlett, Thomson Parker and others, containing 100 acres, whereon is erected a large stone dwelling-house, log barn, stables, and other buildings and outhouses, about 60 whereof is cleared, the rest wood land, well timbered, some meadow made, and more may be made at a small expence; late the property of the said George Sharp, deceased. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale, by ROBERT COOPER, and SARAH SHARP, } Administrat.

HOUSE and LOT for Sale,

A Convenient Lot of Ground, with a good frame house, two stories high, and a kitchen thereon, situate on one of the main streets in the improving and healthy village of Mount-holly, Burlington county, State of New-Jersey; it is conveniently situated for a store or other business, as shallops of considerable burthen can load at the foot of the lost. Apply to NATHANIEL LEWIS, in said town, or the subscriber, in Second-street, near Spruce-street, Philadelphia, who has likewise for sale a good assortment of BOULTING CLOTHS.

April 26, 1784. † MARY LEWIS.

April 22, 1784.

WHEREAS ANN LEONARD, the wife of the subcriber, has eloped from his bed and board, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from trusting her on his account, as he is determined to pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof. § MICHAEL LEONARD.

Just imported by the last Vessels from London and Bristol, and now selling WHOLESALE, by

William and *John Sitgreaves,*

At their STORE, in Market-street, a few Doors above the Coffee-House,---A very extensive Assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the Season,---Among which are,

BEST London and Bristol Shoes by the Trunk, fine black Sattinets for Shoes, Calimancoes, Shalloons, Durants, Moreens and Joan's Spinning, Cassimers, Nankeens, muslins, Humhums, Calicoes, Cottons and Chintz, Huckabacks and Diapers; Clouting Diaper and Diaper Table-cloths, long and clear Lawns, striped Ticking and Flanders Ticks, Oznabrigs, Sacking, Russia Drilling, Russia and Irish Sheeting, Marseilles Quilting, Sattins, Modes, India and English Silk Handkerchiefs, Linen and Cotton Ditto, Umbrellas, Fans, Gloves, Sewing Silk and Thread, Pins and Needles, Buttons, Lace, Tapes and Bobbin, Nests of red Leather and Hair Trunks, Pocket and Toilet Looking-glasses, &c. &c. &c.

Also, a large Assortment of 7-8ths and Yard Wide Irish Linens by the Piece or Box, a very elegant Variety of Thread and Cotton Hosiery, a few Boxes of small Hard-ware, Window-glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11, Nails in Casks, from 4d. to 20d. Tin Plates in Boxes, and Wire for Tinmen, Brass Kettles in Nests, Powder Shot, Lead, Seine and Sewing Twine, Writing Paper, Pewter assorted in Casks, Nutmegs and Cinnamon.

Bucks county, April 25, 1784.

THREE POUNDS REWARD,

STOLEN out of the stable of John Addes, in Northampton township, Bucks county, near Richard Leedom's Tavern, on the night between the 24th and 25th instant, a dark brown MARE, rising 9 years old, full 14 hands high, with a bald face inclining a little to one side, the hoof of one of her hind feet white, fresh galled with the collar on the point of each shoulder, the hair wore off each side of her neck with the bridle reins, the hair also wore off her sides with the saddle, was shod all round when stolen; trots and canters. Any person who shall apprehend the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive Four Dollars of the above reward, the other Four Dollars to be paid for the Mare, and reasonable charges, if delivered to the subscriber. ¶ PHILIP VAN SICKLER.

Now landing at Peters's Wharff,

And to be SOLD by

HAYNES & CRAWFORD,

A Cargo of Muscovado SUGARS.

WILLIAM SHEAFF,

HAS FOR SALE,

At the South-east Corner of MARKET and FIFTH-STREETS,

OLD Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, Malaga, Teneriffe, Red and White Port, Claret, by the Box or Dozen, Old Hock, by Ditto, } WINES,

Jamaica Spirits, West-India Rum, French Brandy, Best Holland Geneva in Cases, Wine Bitters, by the Bottle, Wine and Cyder Vinegar, Double and single refined Loaf Sugar, &c. &c.

Foreigners and others may be constantly supplied with the best of Liquors, bottled, by the Dozen, or smaller Quantity, at the above Store.

Said SHEAFF has a Quantity of fresh CLOVER and BARLEY for SEED.

WILLIAM POYNTELL,

Has imported in the Brig Minerva from Glasgow, and is opening for Sale at his Book and Stationary Store, in Second-street, three doors below Market-street,

A LARGE Quantity of Bibles with Psalms, Ditto without Ditto, Testaments, New-England Primers, Bayley's Dictionaries, Ready Reckoner, Watt's Psalms, Ditto Hymns, Ditto Psalms and Hymns together, Horn-Books, Common Prayer Books, Ditto in Morocco, very neat, &c. &c. &c.

And in the Delaware, from London, a large Assortment of STATIONARY; among which are---Ledgers neatly bound and marbled, Journals and Waste Books, Invoice and Letter Books, Cash and Record Books, Shining Sand, Pewter Ink Chests, large round Ink Stands, small Ditto, Slates and Pencils, Sealing Wax, a great Variety of Ladies Etwee Cases with Instruments, Copperplate Copies, Parchment in Rolls, a great Variety of ornamented visiting Cards, Ditto Message Cards, Ditto Plain, Marble Paper, Russian blue Ditto, &c.

A very large Assortment PAPER HANGINGS.

A large Assortment of Classics, Magazines, &c. are daily expected.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

On the premises, on Wednesday, the 26th day of May,

THAT large and convenient FARM, commonly known by the name of THE GREAT HOUSE PLANTATION, situate on Bohemia river, Cæcil county, Maryland, containing between 4 and 500 acres of land, about 150 of which is wood land. There is on the premises a large two story brick house, four rooms on a floor, well finished, with a brick kitchen and wash-house adjoining, a new frame barn, stables, a store-house and granary, with a wharff. About 12 acres of drained swamp meadow, and a large quantity of marsh that may be drained, a well of good water before the kitchen, with a pump, an orchard of young trees of the best grafted fruit. The situation is exceedingly pleasant, commanding an agreeable prospect of the river, which abounds with fish and wild fowl in their season. It has been formerly a place where an extensive trade has been carried on, which may again be revived, as the land carriage between it and Appoquinomy creek that empties into the Delaware is but about ten miles. The wharff and stores are conveniently situated for the landing and storing grain, tobacco, &c. Further particulars, and the terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, where attendance will be given, by

JOHN HODGE BAYARD, and JOHN BAYARD, senior. }

WANTED, a House-keeper, who will be allowed Forty Pounds a Year. None need apply but a person who can be exceedingly well recommended. Enquire of the Printers. 4 w.

For the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

MODERN LEARNING exemplified by a Specimen of a Collegiate Examination.

Prof. Profeſſor; Stu. Student; Gov. Governor of the Inſtitution.

[*The Order of the Sciences are not obſerved in this Examination.*]

E T H I C S.

Prof. WHAT is a SALT-BOX?

Stu. It is a box made to contain ſalt.

Prof. How is it divided?

Stu. Into a ſalt box and a box of ſalt.

Prof. Very well---ſhew the diſtinction.

Stu. A ſalt box may be where there is no ſalt; but ſalt is abſolutely neceſſary to the exiſtence of a box of ſalt.

Prof. Are not ſalt boxes otherwiſe divided?

Stu. Yes---by a partition.

Prof. What is the uſe of this diviſion?

Stu. To ſeparate the coarſe ſalt from the fine.

Prof. How!-----think a little----

Stu. To ſeparate the fine ſalt from the coarſe.

Prof. Very right---it is to ſeparate the fine from the coarſe---but are not ſalt boxes otherwiſe diſtinguiſhed?

Stu. Yes---into *poſſible*, *probable* and *poſitive*.

Prof. Define theſe ſeveral kinds of ſalt boxes.

Stu. A poſſible ſalt box is a ſalt box yet unſold in the joiner's hands.

Prof. Why ſo?

Stu. Becauſe it hath not yet become a ſalt box, having never had any ſalt in it, and it may poſſibly be applied to ſome other uſe.

Prof. True---for a ſalt box which never had, hath not now, and perhaps never may have any ſalt in it, can only be termed a *poſſible* ſalt box----What is a *probable* ſalt box?

Stu. It is a ſalt box in the hand of one going to a ſhop to buy ſalt, and who hath ſix-pence in his pocket to pay the ſhop-keeper: And a *poſitive* ſalt box is one which hath actually and *bona fide* got ſalt in it.

Prof. What other diviſion of ſalt boxes do you recollect?

Stu. They are divided into *ſubſtantive* and *pendent*. A ſubſtantive ſalt box is that which ſtands by itſelf on the table or dreſſer; and the pendent is that which hangs by a nail againſt the wall.

Prof. What is the idea of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is that image which the mind conceives of a ſalt box, when no ſalt box is at hand.

Prof. What is the abſtract idea of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is the idea of a ſalt box, abſtracted from the ideas of a box, or of ſalt, or of a ſalt box, or of a box of ſalt.

Prof. Very well---by this means you acquire a moſt perfect knowledge of a ſalt box---But tell me, is the idea of a ſalt box a ſalt idea?

Stu. Not unleſs the ideal box hath actual ſalt contained in it.

Prof. True---and therefore an abſtract idea cannot be either ſalt or freſh, round or ſquare, long or ſhort--- and this ſhews the diſtinction between a ſalt idea and an idea of ſalt---Is an aptitude to hold ſalt an eſſential or an accidental property of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is eſſential; but if there ſhould be a crack in the bottom, the aptitude to ſpill ſalt would be termed an accidental property of the ſalt box.

Prof. Very well---very well indeed----what is the ſalt termed with reſpect to the box?

Stu. It is called its contents.

Prof. And why ſo?

Stu. Becauſe the cook is content, *quoad hoc*, to find plenty of ſalt in the box.

Prof. Very right---let us now proceed to

L O G I C.

Prof. How many parts are there in a ſalt box?

Stu. Three---bottom, top and ſides.

Prof. How many modes are there in ſalt boxes?

Stu. Four---the *formal*, the *ſubſtantial*, the *accidental*, and the *topſey-turvey*.

Prof. Explain theſe modes.

Stu. The formal reſpects the figure or ſhape of the box, ſuch as round, ſquare, oblong, &c. the ſubſtantial reſpects the work of the joiner, and the accidental depends on the ſtring by which the box is hung on a nail.

Prof. Very well---What are the conſequences of the accidental mode?

Stu. If the ſtring breaks the box will fall, the ſalt be ſpilt, the ſalt box broken, and the cook in a paſſion; and this is the accidental mode with its conſequences.

Prof. How do you diſtinguiſh between the top and bottom of a ſalt box?

Stu. The top of a box is that part which is uppermoſt, and the bottom that which is loweſt in all poſitions.

Prof. You ſhould rather ſay, the uppermoſt part is the top and the loweſt the bottom---How is it then, if the bottom ſhould be uppermoſt?

Stu. The top will then be the lowermoſt, ſo that the bottom would become the top, and the top would become the bottom; and this is called the *topſey-turvey* mode, which is nearly allied to the *accidental*, and frequently ariſes from it.

Prof. Very good---but are not ſalt boxes ſometimes ſingle and ſometimes double?

Stu. Yes.

Prof. Well then,---mention the ſeveral combinations of ſalt boxes, with reſpect to their having ſalt or not.

Stu. They are divided into ſingle ſalt boxes having ſalt, ſingle ſalt boxes having no ſalt, double ſalt boxes having no ſalt, double ſalt boxes having ſalt, and ſingle double ſalt boxes having ſalt and no ſalt.

Prof. Hold---hold---you are going too far.

Gov. We cannot allow further time for Logic; proceed, if you pleaſe, to

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

Prof. Pray ſir, what is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a combination of matter, fitted, framed and joined by the hand of a workman in the form of a box, and adapted to the purpoſe of receiving, containing and retaining ſalt.

Prof. Very good!---What are the mechanical powers concerned in the conſtruction of a ſalt box?

Stu. The axe, the ſaw, the plane and the hammer.

Prof. How are theſe powers applied to the purpoſe intended?

Stu. The axe to fall the tree; the ſaw to ſplit the timber---

Prof. Conſider---It is the property of the mawl and wedge to *ſplit*.

Stu. The ſaw to *ſlit* the timber, the plane to ſmooth and thin the boards.

Prof. How!---Take time---take time---

Stu. To thin and ſmooth.

Prof. To be ſure---the boards are firſt thinned and afterwards ſmoothed---go on---

Stu. The plane to thin and ſmooth, and the hammer to drive the nails.

Prof. Or rather tacks---Have not ſome philoſophers conſidered glue as one of the mechanical powers?

Stu. Yes---and it is ſtill ſo conſidered; but it is called an *inverſe* mechanical power; becauſe it is the property of all the *direct* mechanical powers to generate motion; but glue on the contrary prevents motion, by keeping the parts to which it is applied fixed to each other.

Prof. Very true---What is the mechanical law of the *ſaw*?

Stu. The power is to the reſiſtance as the number of teeth and force impreſſed, multiplied by the number of ſtrokes in a given time.

Prof. Is the ſaw only uſed in ſlitting timber into boards?

Stu. Yes---It is alſo employed in cutting the boards into lengths.

Prof. Not lengths-----A thing cannot properly be ſaid to have been cut into lengths.

Stu. Into ſhortneſſes.

Prof. Very right---What are the mechanical laws of the hammer?

Gov. The time ſpends faſt---paſs on to another ſcience.

M A T H E M A T I C S.

Prof. What is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a figure compoſed of lines and ſurfaces.

Prof. What are the external figures of the ſalt box?

Stu. Four parallelograms and two ſquares.

Prof. How are theſe diſpoſed?

Stu. The four parallelograms are thus diſpoſed---the inferior or bottom, the ſuperior or top, the anterior or front, and the poſterior or back, and the two ſquares form the two ends.

Prof. Very good---Let us now conſider the ſquare at the end of the ſalt box---Suppoſe, then, a diagonal line to be drawn from one of the angles of this ſquare to the oppoſite angle of the ſame, what will be the conſequence.

Stu. It will divide the ſquare into two equal and ſimilar triangles.

Prof. Very true---But can you demonſtrate that theſe two equal and ſimilar triangles are equal to each other?

Stu. I draw the ſquare A B C D, whoſe ſides are all equal, and the contained angles all right angles. I then draw the diagonal B C, dividing the ſquare into two equal parts; then I ſay that one of thoſe equal parts, viz. the triangle ABC, is equal to the other equal part or triangle BDC. For by the 105th propoſition of the 49th book of Euclid, if, in two triangles all the lines and angles of the one be equal to all the lines and angles of the other, thoſe two triangles will be equal and ſimilar. But the leg AB, of the triangle ABC, is equal to the leg CD, of the triangle BCD, becauſe they are two ſides of the ſquare ABCD, equal by conſtruction; and the leg AC is equal to the leg BD for the ſame reaſon; and becauſe the hypothenuſe BC is common to both triangles, therefore the hypothenuſe of the triangle ABC is equal to the hypothenuſe of the triangle BDC. Now, becauſe, by the 105th propoſition, equal legs ſubtend equal angles, it follows that all the angles of the triangle ABC are equal to the correſponding angles of the triangle DBC; *ergo*, thoſe two triangles are equal and ſimilar, and *ergo*, if a ſquare be cut by a diagonal into two equal parts, thoſe parts will be equal. *Q. E. D.*

Prof. Very well---very well indeed---Suppoſe now a right line to be let fall from a given point above a ſalt box, till it ſhall touch the ſuperior parallelogram, and another right line be let fall from the ſame point till it ſhall touch the inferior parallelogram of the ſame ſalt box, can you demonſtrate that theſe two lines muſt be *unequal*---or, in other words, can you prove that a line of 12 inches is ſhorter than a line of 18 inches in length?

Stu. If two lines--------

Gov. We have juſt received intelligence that dinner is nearly ready, and as the medical claſs are yet to be examined, we cannot afford time for this demonſtration. Let the medical gentlemen come forward.

A N A T O M Y.

Prof. What is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a body compoſed of wood, glue, nails and hinges.

Prof. How is this body divided?

Stu. Into *external* and *internal*.

Prof. Very good----external and internal----very proper---and what are the external parts of a ſalt box?

Stu. One fundamental, four laterals, and one ſuper-lateral.

Prof. And how do you find the internal parts of a ſalt box?

Stu. Divided by a vertical membrane or partition into two large cavities or ſinuſſes.

Prof. Are theſe cavities always equal?

Stu. They uſed to be ſo formerly; but modern joiners have found it beſt to have them unequal, for the better accommodation of the viſcera or contents, the larger cavity for the reception of the coarſer viſcera, and the ſmaller for the finer.

Prof. Very true, Sir---thus have modern joiners, by their improvements, excelled the firſt maker of ſalt boxes. Tell me now, what peculiarity do you obſerve in the ſuper-lateral member of a ſalt box?

Stu. Whereas all the other members are fixed and ſtationary with reſpect to each other, the ſuper-lateral is moveable on a pair of hinges.

Prof. To what purpoſe is it ſo conſtructed?

Stu. For the admiſſion and retention of the ſaline particles.

Gov. This is ſufficient, let us proceed to

SURGERY AND THE PRACTICE OF PHYSIC.

Prof. Mention a few of the principal diſorders to which a ſalt box is liable.

Stu. A crack'd and leaky fundamental, a gaping of the joints in the laterals, luxation of the hinges, and an acceſſion and concretion of filth and foulneſs external and internal.

Prof. Very well---How would you treat theſe diſorders---begin with the firſt.

Stu. I would caulk the leaky fundamental with pledgets of tow, which I would ſecure in the fiſſure, by a ſtrip of linen or paper paſted over. For the ſtarting of the lateral joints I would adminiſter powerful aſtringents, ſuch as the *gluten cornuoſa*, and bind the parts together by triple bandages, until the joint ſhould knit.

Prof. Would you not aſſiſt with chalybeates?

Stu. Yes---I would at-*tack* the diſeaſe with prepared iron, in doſes proportioned to *the ſtrength* of the parts.

Prof. How would you manage the luxation of the hinge?

Stu. I would firſt examine whether it was occaſioned by the ſtarting of the points which annex the proceſſes to the ſuper-lateral, or its antagoniſt, or to a loſs of the fulcrum, or to an abſolute fracture of the ſutures. In the firſt caſe, I would ſecure the proceſs by a ſcrew; in the ſecond, I would bring the ſutures together and introduce the fulcrum; and in the laſt I would entirely remove the fractured hinge, and ſupply its place, *pro tem.* with one of leather.

Prof. Very well, Sir. Now for your treatment in caſe of accumulated foulneſs external and internal---but firſt tell me how this foulneſs is contracted.

Stu. Externally, by the greaſy hands of the cook; and internally, by the ſolution and adheſion of the ſaline particles.

Prof. Very true---and now for the cure.

Stu. I would firſt evacuate the *abominable veſſel* thro' the *prima via*. I would then exhibit detergents and diluents, ſuch as the ſaponacious preparation, with plenty of *aqua fontana*.

Prof. Would not *aqua cæleſtis* anſwer better?

Stu. Yes---plenty of *aqua cæleſtis*, with the marine ſand. I would alſo apply the friction bruſh with a briſk and ſtrong hand, until the excrementitious concrete ſhould be totally diſſolved and removed.

Prof. Very proper---what next?

Stu. I would uſe the cold bath by means of a common pump. I would then apply *lintal* abſorbents, and finally exſiccate the body by expoſition, either in the ſun, or before the fire.

Prof. In what ſituation would you leave the ſuper-lateral valve during the exſiccating operation?

Stu. I would leave it open to the extent, in order that the rarified humidities may eſcape from the *abominable* cavities or ſinuſſes.

C H Y M I S T R Y.

Prof. You have mentioned the ſaponacious preparation; how is that procured?

Stu. By the action of a vegetable alcaline ſalt upon pinquidinous or unctuous ſubſtances.

Prof. What is ſalt?

Stu. It is a ſubſtance *ſui generis*, pungent to the taſte, of an antiſeptic quality, and is produced by chryſtalization; or the evaporation of the fluid in which it is ſuſpended.

Prof. How many kinds of ſalt occur in a ſalt box?

Stu. Two, coarſe and fine.

Prof. Are they not otherwiſe diſtinguiſhable?

Stu. Yes---when the ſalt is in a diſh or other veſſel it is called marine, culinary or common ſalt; but when it is in the ſalt box, hanging up againſt the wall, it is called *mural* ſalt.

Prof. You have ſaid that the ſaponacious preparation is procured by the action of an alcaline vegetable ſalt upon pinquidinous and unctuous ſubſtances---deſcribe the proceſs.

Stu. If a great quantity of ſtrong *lie* was procured, by paſſing water through wood aſhes; and if a very large body, of a pinquidinous habit, ſhould be immerſed in this *lie*, and expoſed to a conſiderable heat, the action of the *lie*, or rather of the ſalts with which it abounds, upon the pinquidinous body, would cauſe the mixture to coagulate into ſoap.-----

----The examiner looked very ſour, for he was very fat. But at this inſtant information was given that dinner was on the table, whereupon the examination was immediately concluded, and the parties ſeparated---The examiners rejoicing in the anticipation of a feaſt, and the examined happy to find the fiery trial over.

A. B.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,
At TEN o'CLOCK,
On F R I D A Y next,
Will begin the S A L E of
AVERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE,
ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.
ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
A DISCOURSE on the COVENANTS;
IN which is ſhewn; that there never was a Covenant of Works made with Adam; nor any Covenant ever made with man reſpecting things purely of a ſpiritual nature. There are a few copies of this Diſcourſe yet on hand, and may be had of the PRINTERS hereof. *Philad. April* 26, 1784.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1784.
To the CONTRIBUTORS *for the Relief and Employment of the* POOR, *in the City of Philadelphia, the Diſtrict of Southwark, the Townſhips of Moyamenſing and the Northern Liberties.*
GENTLEMEN,
PLEASE to take NOTICE, That by the Law which incorporates the ſaid Inſtitution, you are enjoined and required to meet at the COURT-HOUSE, in this City, on the Second MONDAY in MAY annually, then and there to examine the Accounts and Tranſactions of the Managers of the Houſe of Employment for the Year paſt, and to chooſe Managers and a Treaſurer for the enſuing. Wherefore, pleaſe attend in the Afternoon of MONDAY, the Tenth Inſtant.
By Order of a Board of Managers of the Houſe of Employment,
JOHN CUMMINGS, Steward.

To be SOLD by public Auction,
At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 20th inſt. at ſix o'clock in the evening (if not diſpoſed of before at private ſale)
AN elegant three ſtory brick HOUSE and LOT, ſituate the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſnut-ſtreet, late the eſtate of Magdalen Devine, deceaſed, and ſold in purſuance of her will; containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet, 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet; this houſe and lot is clear of ground rent, and one of the beſt ſtands for buſineſs in the city. The terms of payment to be made known at the time and place of ſale. § SAMUEL MORRIS,) Executors.
May 5, 1784. RICHARD FOOTMAN,)

Wants Employment,
A PERSON bred in the MERCHANDIZE WAY, who can tranſact buſineſs for a Merchant or Store-keeper, to write, keep accounts, take care of ſtores, receive in and deliver out goods, underſtands the management of wine cellars, wines, ſpirits, &c. &c.
N. B. Said perſon may be ſeen at Mr. JOHN CLIFFORD's new building, in Front-ſtreet, where he is now at preſent employed. † *Philad. May* 4, 1784.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of CHRISTIAN SCHNEIDER, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make Payment within three Months from the Date hereof; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, and receive Payment.
Philadelphia, FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, &)
May 3, 1784. HENRY FAHNS. §) Execut.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber received of Edward Young, of the city of Philadelphia, in December laſt, Six Horſes to be foddered until the firſt of April following, at which time the ſaid Young agreed to pay for the keeping of the ſaid horſes, and take them away; and foraſmuch as he hath neglected to fulfil the ſaid agreement, theſe are to notify the ſaid Young and all whom it may concern, that unleſs he, or ſome other perſon for him, ſhall pay the charges for keeping the ſaid horſes unto me, on or before the 12th day of May inſtant, they will be ſold for the ſame, at the ſubſcriber's houſe in Buckingham.
May 3, 1784. ¶ ISAAC BUCHMAN.

Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county. April 29, 1784.
TEN DOLLARS Reward.
STOLEN out of the ſheds at the Buck-tavern, on Lancaſter road, on the night of the 28th inſtant, a roan HORSE, between 10 and 11 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, paces, trots and canters, dark mane and tail, thin in fleſh. Alſo was ſtolen, a dark lead coloured great coat, with large metal buttons, only one button on each ſide, a blind halter, black grained, one ſide of the reins broke and tied, a twilled bag, marked J. F. with red chalk, pillow caſe and a tow towel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and goods, and apprehends the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by
Conyngham, Neſbitt & Co.
At their STORE, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,
AN aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-4ths brown Iriſh linens, Flanders linens and ſheetings, table linen and napkins of all kinds, a compleat aſſortment of Manchester goods, among which are, Cotton and linen checks of all widths, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, bed bunts, Dutch and Queen cords, pillow ſuſtians, jeans, jeanets plain and printed, velvet and velveretts plain and printed, thickſetts, corderoys, ſatinetts and royal ribs, black pepper, beſt French brandy, and ſundry other articles, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms. Philad. May 4. §

LONDON.

March 4. The facts relative to the outrages committed in St. James's-ſtreet, on the return of Mr. Pitt from the city, have been miſrepreſented in ſome of the papers, gloſſed over by moſt of them, and not truly ſtated in any. The behaviour of thoſe w o accompanied Mr. Pitt from Grocer's hall, was peaceable in the extreme, not an unprovoked outrage being offered to the houſe or perſon of any individual. When the p ocеſſion reached St. James's-ſtreet, from the balcony of Brookes's, the cry of "Fox for ever! No Pitt!" was vociferated by ſeveral perſons above the vulgar rank. This caught the attention of the multitude, who retorted the inſult by beſtowing the loudeſt cenſu es on thoſe from whom the cry originated. A party of chairmen, who, to all appearance, were ready prepared for the purpoſe, having the poles of their ſedans broken, and converted into bludgeons, iſſued forth with all the ſavage fierceneſs which a deſire of blood inſpires. The multitudes who accompanied Mr. Pitt, neither deſigning nor apprehending any attack, were entirely defenceleſs, and, of courſe, many of them were moſt inhumanly treated. One man, in particular, whoſe name is Barrow, had his ſkull fractured, and the arms of ſeveral were broken. The carriage of Lord Mahon was ſoon demoliſhed, and it was with ſome difficulty that Mr. Pitt eſcaped with his perſon unhurt. Theſe are facts which are atteſted by the moſt credible teſtimonies of gentlemen who were ſpectators of the ſcene; and, when it is recollected that the buſineſs originated from Brookes's, that the outrage was provoked by a party of Mr. Fox's friends, and that the chairmen were previouſly armed with bludgeons, the public will determine how far the affair carries the appearance of preconcerted deſign.

March 6. Among the infamous outrages committed by Mr. Pitt's city mob of ſeapoys, on Saturday night, the demoliſhing all Mrs. Keppel's windows was not the leaſt. Miſs Keppel, we hear, narrowly eſcaped a brick-bat, which was thrown into her room.

The prince of Wales has certainly complained to his majeſty of the inſult offered to him on Saturday, and inſiſts that L--d S-d--y and Mr. Pitt ſhall aſk his pardon.

We hear there are three actions already commenced againſt the miniſterial leaders of the riot of Saturday night laſt.

Nothing can be more miſerable than the attempts made by the preſent unconſtitutional miniſters to obtain popularity in Weſtminſter; a ſtrong proof of this appeared on Thurſday, when Mr. Fox was received with the moſt triumphant acclamations at St. James's gate, and the miniſter of the crown with a general hiſs.

March 11. An armament has certainly gone from France for the Eaſt-Indies.

A letter from Toulon, received on Monday, ſays, that all hands are employed there and at Marſeilles to get a fleet of men of war ready to go againſt the Moors, and that a vigorous war is expected, as the Moors have now as good ſhips as moſt of the European powers.

Extract of a letter from Venice, dated Feb. 18.

"Every thing for ſome time paſt in this city bears the appearance of hoſtile preparation. Upwards of three thouſand artificers are employed in building ſhips and galleys. The arms in the arſenal are directed to be put in compleat repair, and great numbers of new ones are ordered. The Dutch, unleſs matters are ſettled by the mediation of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, will certainly repent giving offence to this diſtinguiſhed republic. Great ſums are conſtantly drawing out of the bank here by the Agents of the States General."

March 12. The Liberty, Bartley, from Philadelphia for Londonderry and Liverpool, is loſt off Wicklow banks.

March 13. Mr. Reed, the American general, is now in London on buſineſs.

March 16. The miniſtry will be conſiderably ſtrengthened and enlarged in a few days, when the following additions and alterations, we are aſſured, will take place, viz. Earl Gower will be appointed Privy Seal; Lord Camden Preſident of the Council; Earl Temple firſt Lord of the Treaſury; and the Earl of Shelburne one of the Secretaries of State. Further ſtrong connections will be formed.

March 17. We are credibly informed, that 18 Commiſſioners are to be appointed under the great ſeal, to conſider the propriety of concluding a commercial treaty with the United States of America, who are to report their opinion, which is to be laid before parliament. The remaining poſſeſſions belonging to Great-Britain in North-America, are to be erected into one grand government, with a Governor General, and ſeveral ſubordinate Governors, ſubject to the controul of the Governor General, ſimilar to the Preſidencies in India under the controul of the Governor General of Bengal.

It is ridiculous to ſuppoſe a diſſolution of Parliament, till the new budget is opened; and this we underſtand will be in a day or two.

March 20. The diſſolution of Parliament was yeſterday confidently aſſerted by many to be near at hand; it was however as confidently denied by many, who laughed at the idea as too ridiculous to be entertained! Theſe latter ſtill think it is the intention of Miniſtry to tide it over the preſent ſeſſions.

Letters from Dublin mention, that at a meeting of the Volunteer Delegates of the province of Connaught, the Earl of Clanrickard was appointed Generaliſſimo of the province, and that Brigadier-Generals were appointed to every county, and the ſeveral counties of the cities. At the ſame meeting it was abſolutely reſolved, that the reform of Parliament, being eſſential, muſt be obtained, and every means uſed for that purpoſe.

March 23. We are warranted to aſſert as a fact, upon the moſt indiſputable authority, that the French have at this time a fleet conſiſting of twelve ſhips of the line, and four frigates of 36 guns, equipped moſt compleatly in every reſpect, ready to ſail for Trincomale. This intelligence is alarming indeed, and muſt impreſs every citizen of England with regret for the loſs of the harbour and fortreſs above named, as the enemy is thereby furniſhed with the firſt anchorage in India.

NEWPORT, *April* 17.

The Governor of Maſſachuſetts has iſſued a proclamation, forbidding the inhabitants of that ſtate meddling in any reſpect, with the diſpute ſubſiſting between the inhabitants of New-York and thoſe of Vermont, as they will anſwer it at their peril.

WINDSOR (Vermont) March 17.

The General Aſſembly of this ſtate, which began their ſeſſions at Bennington the third Thurſday of February, roſe on Tueſday the 9th inſtant; during which they reſolved, that the 200 men, voted to be raiſed laſt October to defend the lower part of Windham county againſt the invaſion of the Yorkers, ſhould be reduced to the number of 20 only.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5.

On Saturday laſt his Excellency General WASHINGTON, our late worthy and much reſpected Commander in Chief, arrived in this city, from his ſeat in Virginia.

Extract of a letter from London, March 18.

"This afternoon a diſſolution of parliament is ſaid to be determined on, and to take place on Tueſday next, if not earlier.

"It is now rumoured that the French and Dutch, in conjunction, are meditating to ſtrike a moſt fatal blow againſt all our eaſtern territories, while we are ſquabbling at home about the mode of a reform there. A large force is gone out to that quarter. What makes ſuch a conjecture more probable is, Mr. Haſtings has wrote word, that if government does not allow him to reſign and give him time to adjuſt his affairs, he will not be *forced* out. This gives riſe to various conjectures;—certain it is, that the French are a reſtleſs people, and it is no unlikely thing to ſuppoſe, that after they have ſtript us of our poſſeſſions in the *weſt*, they will be glad alſo to ſnatch every opportunity to overthrow our territories in the *eaſt*."

A correſpondent informs us, that on the 26th ult. Congreſs determined to adjourn, on the 3d of June next, to meet at Trenton on the 30th of October. A Committee of the States are to be appointed, to ſit during the receſs of Congreſs. It is not determined where the Committee of the States ſhall meet.

Monday laſt an election was held at the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, when the following gentlemen were choſen Managers and Treaſurer for the enſuing year, viz. Peter Reeve, Joſeph Swift, Reynold Keen, Jonathan Shoemaker, Joſiah Hewes, Owen Jones, jun. Andrew Doz, John Morton, Thomas Moore, Iſaac Wharton, George Mifflin, Adam Hubley, *Managers*---and Mordecai Lewis, *Treaſurer*.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the conſtitutional method of chuſing Juſtices of the Peace elect, very ſimilar to the old common-law mode of electing (by the freeholders of the county) Conſervators of the Peace, Sheriffs and Coroners in England, will probably be more attended to at this time, when the commiſſions of a great part of the Juſtices, who were early appointed after the late revolution, are expired, or ready to expire, than it was during the late war, and that more candidates for this important truſt will now appear, than heretofore; he therefore wiſhes to convey ſome information by the medium of our paper to the Judges of theſe elections: And the rather, as the nature of this buſineſs is novel to moſt perſons among us.

He ſuggeſts that it is proper, firſt to deſcribe the electors; that it to ſay, the freeholders, for no other can give his ſuffrage therein. A freeholder is one ſeized of landed eſtate, for ever, or for his life, either his own or the life of another perſon. Thus if a man marry a freeholder, he becomes therefore a freeholder for her life, and if he has a child live-born by her, for his own life: But no term of years, however lengthy, conſtitutes a freehold.

He ſuppoſes it will be aſked, in the next place, whether all freeholders be entitled to give their ſuffrages? Anſwer no! The elector muſt be a freeman, of the age of twenty-one years at the leaſt. He muſt have paid one years taxes or more, unleſs he be a freeholder's ſon; but then he muſt have a freehold of his own, and be reſident at leaſt one whole year within this ſtate. His freehold muſt be within the diſtrict where he propoſes to vote, yet there is no reſtraint upon his electing wherever he has landed eſtate to entitle him. It is plain, that this election depends upon the ſame principles, as that of the Coroner in England; or of Repreſentatives of counties in the Houſe of Commons, at common law; for it was, by ſtatute, that freeholders, whoſe clear income is not 40*ſ per annum*, were debarred. Laſtly, he muſt have given the ſtate that reaſonable evidence of his attachment, which the laws require; viz. he muſt have taken the oath or affirmation of allegiance and abjuration, in due time.

Theſe qualifications, our correſpondent remarks, ſhould be carefully regarded; for if unqualified votes be received, or qualified ſuffrages rejected, or other irregularities happen, ſufficient to derange the poll, or bring into queſtion the majority of the perſons returned, the Preſident in Council, upon complaint within two months, will ſet aſide the return, and direct a new choice.

The qualifications of the elected may be given in a few words. They are the ſame as will admit to an office, or to a ſeat in the General Aſſembly.

A correſpondent obſerves, nothing can be more impudent and groundleſs than the pretenſions of Mr. Juſtice Bryan to be *third* Judge of the Supreme Court. It is notorious, the commiſſion of that gentleman expreſly conſtitutes him *fourth* Judge; and however diſagreeable to him, yet he cannot ceaſe to be *fourth* Judge, without a previous reſignation of that commiſſion, and receiving a new one, appointing him *third* Judge. If he can, the conſequence is obvious, that Mr. Juſtice Bryan is, at the ſame time, both *third* and *fourth* Judge. Beſides, if the principle, that rank depends on the dates of the commiſſions, be genuine, it will certainly make the ingenious *inventor ſecond* Judge of the Court, on the expiration of Mr. Juſtice Atlee's commiſſion, which, it is ſaid, will ſoon take place. For, if the dates of the commiſſions muſt aſcertain the rank or precedency of the Judges, it follows moſt clearly, that ſhould Mr. Atlee be re-appointed (which every good man wiſhes) *he* muſt be *fourth* Judge, and Mr. Juſtice Bryan mount up into his place as *ſecond* Judge.

Nay, if the claim of Mr. Juſtice Bryan be well founded, even the abilities and integrity of the Chief Juſtice muſt be ſacrificed to it. His commiſſion too will ere long expire; and, however he may have merited from the public a re-appointment, yet, if dates are deciſive, Mr. Bryan will infallibly be Chief Juſtice of Pennſylvania.

The fact our correſpondent obſerves is, that the practice of deſcribing the Judges by the epithets of *ſecond*, *third* and *fourth*, in their commiſſions, has been long in uſe before the revolution. When Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing were raiſed to the Bench of the Supreme Court, ſome little difficulty occurred which of them ſhould have precedency; and the matter being amicably adjuſted, Mr. Lawrence was *expreſly* conſtituted *third* Judge, and Mr. Willing expreſly *fourth* Judge. Mr. Allen was at that time Chief Juſtice, and Mr. Coleman ſecond Judge. On the death of this laſt gentleman, Mr. Lawrence received a new commiſſion as *ſecond* Judge, Mr. Willing as *third* Judge, and Mr. Morton received a commiſſion as *fourth* Judge. It ſhould be remarked, that when Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing were appointed, their commiſſions were dated on the ſame day. On which our correſpondent would further obſerve, that although the dates are very properly reſorted to, in order to ſettle the rank of the Judges in the firſt inſtance, yet the executive power may, and frequently muſt, make uſe of more explicit language to determine it, as they did in the caſe of Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing. The crown in England, in whom is veſted the execution of the laws, hath the undiſputed right of granting rank and precedency whenever it ſhall judge proper: And it is equally neceſſary to the preſervation of order and government among us, that the Preſident and Council ſhould poſſeſs the ſame power in Penſylvania. For, let it be ſuppoſed (no matter how improbable *at preſent*) that *all* the Judges of the Supreme Court ſhould be involved in a conteſt of precedency. In that caſe, ſays our correſpondent, who ſhall decide the queſtion? There reſults therefore from neceſſity and the nature of the thing, a power ſomewhere to give rank or precedency; and this right is certainly veſted in the Executive Council, and not in the Judges, who may all be involved in the ſame conteſt for precedency.

Our correſpondent concludes with remarking, that nothing can ſo effectually demonſtrate the wiſdom with which the Council have acted in leaving Mr. Juſtice Bryan to continue *fourth* Judge, as the great want of judgment he hath ſhewn in advancing the ridiculous and contemptible idea of ſuperceding Mr. Juſtice Ruſh, who hath been expreſly nominated and appointed *third* Judge of the Supreme Court, agreeable to the eſtabliſhed laws of the land, and the voice of his country.

*** Agreeable to an Order from his Excellency the Preſident and Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, I Thomas Procter, High Sheriff of the city and county of Philadelphia, Do hereby notify the good inhabitants of the city and county aforeſaid, That on the tenth day of May inſtant, at twelve o'clock, at the Court-Houſe in this city, I ſhall publiſh and proclaim the articles of PEACE and AMITY between the United States of America and Great-Britain.

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 6th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

Among which are,------A collection of French Calicoes, coarſe and fine yard wide Iriſh Linens, and 200 pieces Britannias.

Alſo, on SATURDAY Morning,

The 8th of May, at 10 o'clock will be ſold, Houſhold Furniture and Groceries, as uſual.

And in the AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, will be continued the ſale of Dry Goods, as on Thurſday. May 5, 1784.

Peremptorily will be SOLD,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE,

On *THURSDAY*,

The 6th inſtant, at TWELVE o'CLOCK at noon,

THAT pleaſant SEAT, formerly the Eſtate of ROBERT HOPKINS, deceaſed, ſituate in the precinct of Richmond, commonly called POINT-NO POINT, five miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing one hundred acres and an half, or thereabouts, of which nearly one half is banked meadow of the beſt kind, in good order, the remainder excellent arable land, eaſily tilled; the fences are white cedar rails and red cedar poſts.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 229 acres of Land, ſituate in the borough of Cheſter, at or near the head of the tide on Cheſter creek; there is a brick dwelling-houſe thereon, frame barn, a ſtone milk-houſe, a good ſpring, a good bearing orchard, about 100 acres of thriving timber land, ſet with oak, aſh, hickory, walnut, mulberry, &c. about 8 acres of watered meadow made, and more may be made. For the title and terms of ſale, enquire of WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT, at Pikeland, or the tenant on ſaid premiſes. tbetf.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

For a few years, on an improving leaſe,

THE elegant SEAT of the late WILLIAM MOORE, Eſq; known by the name of Moore-Hall, ſituate in the county of Cheſter, about 23 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing near 600 acres of valuable land.

The manſion-houſe is of ſtone, well built, large, and in a very fine ſituation, ſurrounded with very convenient out-houſes; a large garden in good order, ſtocked with a variety of the beſt fruit trees, and the moſt uſeful and agreeable herbs and flowers.

About 300 acres of the land are fit for the plough, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow is well improved, and more may be made. A very valuable grift-mill built on Pickering-creek, near the manſion-houſe, ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water, is among the improvements of this place. The river Schuylkill, which bounds the lands for a conſiderable diſtance, affords a great ſhad fiſhery during the ſeaſon; and a variety of other advantages, too tedious for an advertiſement, will be perceived by any perſon who may incline to view the premiſes.

A purchaſer or tenant may be ſupplied with 20 tons of the beſt firſt crop hay, and ſome remains of the late ſtock.

For terms apply to CHARLES JERVIS, or to the ſubſcriber, at Mrs. Bond's, in Cheſnut-ſtreet.

WILLIAMINA MOORE.

A Chariot and four-wheeled Chaiſe to be ſold. Enquire as above. t. f. Philadelphia, May 3, 1784.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed (by adjournment) will be expoſed to public SALE, on the premiſes, on SATURDAY, the 15th inſtant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following MESSUAGES and LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. A two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, ſtone kitchen, ſtone ſtable, and about ſix acres of land, ſituate, lying and being in Upper Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, bounded northward by the great road leading from Philadelphia to North-Wales, eaſtward by a road leading to Horſham, and by land of Jonathan Thomas. Said place having been for a long time (and now is) occupied as a public tavern, known by the ſign of William Pitt, Eſquire.

No. 2. A ſtone meſſuage, and about ten acres of land, contiguous to, and adjoining the above (No. 1.) by the aforeſaid two roads, and by land of John Trump, &c.

No. 3. A lot or piece of ground, nigh to the aforeſaid two lots, containing about two acres, adjoining a road leading to Weiſs's mill.

The ſituation of the ſaid places is very pleaſant, healthy, and in a good neighbourhood, and fine ſtand for any public buſineſs, being about 16 miles from Philadelphia. Taken in execution as the property and eſtate of George Wright, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the premiſes, in Upper Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Friday, the 14th inſtant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain meſſuage, and tract or piece of land, bounded by M'Call's manor, the German tract, and lands of Jacob Fiſher, containing 150 acres, and allowance of ſix acres per cent. for roads and highways.

Alſo one other meſſuage and piece of land, ſituate in Douglaſs townſhip, and county aforeſaid, being a part of the ſaid M'Call's manor, and adjoining the tract herein before deſcribed, bounded by lands of John Seckler, Michael Read, and Meſſrs. M'Call's, containing 64 acres and 15 perches; being the eſtate of George Welger, late deceaſed (and Margaret his wife) and to be ſold by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

For AMSTERDAM,

The Ship *Adolph*,

A fine new ſhip, with excellent accommodations,

WILL ſail about the 20th inſtant; for Paſſage apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Arch-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the gate of the Friends Burial-ground. § *Philad. May* 3, 1784.

Advertiſements omitted will be inſerted next week.

Delaware State, to wit,

To all whom it may Concern.

(L. S.) THE Sieur F. Barbé de Marbois, Councellor to Parliament, having been recognized by the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, as Conſul of France in the State aforeſaid, and Conſul General for the Thirteen United States of America; it is hereby declared, that the privileges, pre-eminence and authority belonging to ſuch character and quality, are due to him. Done at New-Caſtle, this Twenty-firſt day of April, in the year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-four. NICHOLAS VANDYKE, Preſident.

Atteſt. JAMES BOOTH, Secretary. ¶

Philadelphia, April 23, 1784.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD,

RAN AWAY this morning from the ſubſcriber, living at the Center Houſe, an indented ſervant lad, named HENRY RABY, born in the north of Ireland, talks much in that country dialect, and is very ſhy when ſpoken to, about 5 feet 6 inches high, ſhort black hair, black eyebrows, of a ſwarthy complexion, much hair upon his upper lip, having never been ſhaved.

He had and took with him, a green coat with a ſcarlet velvet cape and anchor buttons, a cream coloured corduroy inſide jacket, two pair of trowſers, one of new ticklenburg, the other of ſtriped cotton, a round wool hat with a black ribbon band, black ſilk handkerchief, black everlaſting breeches, and large ſquare plated buckles in his ſhoes. Whoever ſecures ſaid run away, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges. ¶ HENRY MARTIN.

ALL thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate of David Spear, late of Northampton townſhip, Bucks county, deceaſed, are hereby deſired to produce their accounts properly ſtated, to RICHARD LEEDOM, in ſaid townſhip, on or before the 11th of June next, that the ſame may be diſcharged, and the ſubſcribers then have the accounts of their adminiſtration finally ſettled. He, ſhe or they neglecting, muſt expect ever after to be debarred from the recovery thereof.

April 23. § JOHN HUSTON, Adminiſtrator.

Newtown, April 27, 1784.

BROKE goal, and made their eſcape, laſt night, the three following perſons, viz. SOLOMON VICKARS, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. HENRY CONNARD, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, ſhort dark hair, fair complexion, and a very ſmooth face; committed and indicted as one of the robbers of the Treaſury. JACOB DUNCAN, about 22 years of age, 6 feet high, ſtout made, fair complexion, ſhort fair hair; committed as an aider of the robbers. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid priſoners, ſo that the ſubſcriber may receive them again, ſhall have TEN POUNDS Reward for either Dunead or Connard, and THIRTY SHILLINGS for Vickars, and reaſonable charges, from

¶ PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county, April 27, 1784.

STOLEN laſt night, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, a large bay HORSE, near 16 hands high, about 8 years old, both hind feet white, a ſmall ſtar and ſnip, the ſtar inclines to one ſide, branded I. C. on the near buttock, off ſhoulder, and under the mane, was without any ſhoes when ſtolen. Any perſon apprehending horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have SIXTEEN DOLLARS reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for either, paid by ¶

BENJAMIN SHOEMAKER.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 6th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Uwchland, bounded by lands of David Lloyd, James Packer, James Benſon, and others. Late the eſtate of Joſeph Lloyd, but ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Cheſter, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 7th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, ſituate in the townſhip of Pikeland, containing 130 acres, bounded by lands of Michael Holman, Joſeph Jones and others; late the eſtate of Caſper Fitting, but ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Cheſter, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 8th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of excellent Land, containing 228 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Charleſtown; bounded by land of Patrick Anderſon, Eſq; Lewellin Davis, Philip Wrapp and others; late the eſtate of Henry Miller, but ſeized and taken in execution, by

Cheſter, April 9. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 10th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage, valuable Saw-mill, and Tracts of Land and Marſh or Meadow Ground, containing 327 acres, or thereabouts, ſituate in the townſhip of Ridley; bounded by lands of Harvey Lewis, James and John Winters, eſtate of John Morton, Eſq; deceaſed, and others; the arable land fertile, meadows good, the ſituation pleaſant and healthy; ſeized and taken in execution as the eſtate of Lewis Trimble, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Cheſter, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 11th day of May enſuing, at the houſe of Henry Hayes, in Darby, 16 acres of wood land, ſituate one mile from ſaid town; bounded by land of John Gruber and others. Likewiſe 20 acres of marſh, ſituate in Tinicum townſhip; bounded by lands of Philip Price, William Kerlin and others; late the eſtate of Joſeph Rudolph, but ſeized and taken in execution, by

Cheſter, April 9. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 13th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of New Garden, bounded by lands of Thompſon Parker, James Millhouſe and others; thereon may be made a large proportion of excellent watered meadow. Late the eſtate of Benjamin Sharp, but ſeized and taken in execution, by

Cheſter, April 9, WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 14th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt Fallowfield, containing 200 acres, bounded by lands of John Watſon, William Noble and others. Late the eſtate of William Vogan, but ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Cheſter, April 9.

TO BE LETT,

For the *Summer Seaſon*, or for one year, and may be entered upon immediately,

THAT large and commodious MANSION HOUSE, with proper out houſes, belonging to the ſubſcriber, ſituate at the FALLS OF *Schuylkill*, and commanding a grand and extenſive proſpect of the river and many adjacent country ſeats. A proportion of paſture and meadow, or the whole of a ſmall farm, may be had with the houſe. For terms apply to ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, Eſq; at the City Vendue Store, Philadelphia, or to Mr. JOHN VANDEREN, near the premiſes.

† WILLIAM SMITH.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On SATURDAY, the 22d day of May next, at the houſe of MARK FAIR, in Robeſon townſhip, Berks county,

A TRACT of WOOD LAND in ſaid townſhip, containing 300 acres or upwards, the ſaid lands can be improved, and a good plantation made thereon, or ſuit well for a forge or furnace, as the ſame is exceeding well ſtocked with timber. Attendance will be given, by DANIEL LEVAN & Company.

Reading, April 12, 1784 †

BY direction of the laſt Will and Teſtament of John Eunuch, late of Kent county, Maryland, deceaſed, will be ſold by public vendue, on the premiſes, on the 13th day of May next, a MERCHANT MILL, in tolerable repair, with a lot of Ground thereto belonging; the Mill has two pair of ſtones, one of which are excellent French burrs, the bolting, hoiſting and a fan all go by water, the ſituation about the middle of Kent county, aforeſaid, the richeſt and healthieſt part of the Eaſtern Shore of Maryland, in an excellent wheat country, a good ſtand for a Store and water carriage from the Mill door to Baltimore, Head of Elk, Back Creek, &c. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock, when due attendance will be given, and the payments made eaſy to the purchaſer, by ST. LEGER EVERITT, RAISIN GALE, and ISAAC PERKINS, Truſtees. ¶

To be SOLD, at Private Sale,

A SNUFF MILL and Geers, frame Stable and the remainder part of the unexpired term of a Leaſe, for the lot of Ground whereon the mill and ſtables are erected, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Vine-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, the rent for which is Eight Spaniſh milled Dollars per annum and taxes, the mill and geers are in the beſt order, the greateſt part of the works were new made laſt ſummer, the ſtable is new and fitted for ſix horſes. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes and know the terms, by applying to Mr. George Rigener, at the late Widow Brown's houſe, in Second-ſtreet, the fifth door above Vine-ſtreet.

N. B. The purchaſer giving ſecurity if required, and paying intereſt may have credit for the purchaſe money. ¶

MILES and MORGAN

Have for ſale, at their ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Michael Hillegas, Eſq; and oppoſite to the ſtore lately occupied by Morgan and Baker, and at their diſtillery in Moravian alley,

PHILADELPHIA Rum of the beſt quality, by the quantity or ſingle hogſhead; alſo molaſſes by the hogſhead. They have likewiſe at their ſaid ſtore a neat aſſortment of BAR-IRON of the firſt quality, and caſtings of different kinds.

They mean to keep a conſtant ſupply of the above articles, where merchants, city and country retailers and black-ſmiths may be furniſhed, on the moſt reaſonable terms. *t f.*

FOR SALE, wholeſale and retail, by

JOHN MORRELL,

At his ware-houſe, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, a large and neat aſſortment of blue painted, enamelled and plain

QUEEN's WARE

In crates and hogſheads,

GLASS WARE & CHINA in boxes,

Taylor and Son's 8 by 10 and 7 by 9

WINDOW GLASS.

He likewiſe re-packs and aſſorts crates and boxes of ware agreeable to orders, on the ſhorteſt notice.

SHERRY WINES,

Of the firſt Quality, to be ſold by the Quantity, ſingle Pipe or Quarter Caſk, by

GEORGE MEADE. §

Marine Office of the United States, April 16, 1784.

THE public are hereby informed, that on the 18th day of June next, will be ſold, by public vendue, at the town of Baltimore, the Continental Ship GENERAL WASHINGTON, lately employed as a Public Packet, with her Materials, Guns, and Stores, agreeable to an inventory which will be exhibited at the place of ſale. A perſon will be appointed to attend the ſale, who will deliver poſſeſſion to the purchaſer, on being paid the ſum he ſhall be ſtruck off at.

According to the form and effect of an act of the United States in Congreſs aſſembled, of the 8th inſtant, Loan-office certificates, or certificates for other liquidated debts due from the United States, will be received in payment.

By order of the Agent of Marine,

JAMES READ, Secretary.

SEVERAL Gentlemen in *New-York, New-Jerſey* and *Pennſylvania*, who were Members of the late "*CORPORATION for the relief of the Widows and Children of* CLERGYMEN *in the* Communion *of the Church of England, in America*," intend to meet at BRUNSWICK, in the State of New-Jerſey, on Tueſday, the 12th day of May next, for the purpoſe of requeſting a Revival of the ſaid Corporation, which hath become extinct from their neglect of their annual meetings, neceſſarily occaſioned by the late war. The ſubſcriber, late Treaſurer to the ſaid Corporation, at the requeſt of the ſaid gentlemen, hereby gives this Public Notice of the ſaid intended meeting, to ſuch gentlemen as were Members of the ſaid Corporation, whoſe attendance at the time and place above mentioned is earneſtly requeſted.

April 19, 1784. SAMUEL POWEL.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY healthy NEGROE WENCH, 18 years of age. Enquire of the ſubſcriber, near Chriſtiana ferry, New-Caſtle county, Delaware State.

April 17, 1784. ¶ PHILIP FRANCIS.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN BOUTCHER, late of the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts to the ſubſcriber, properly atteſted, before the 19th day of May next. ¶

April 10, 1784. BENJAMIN BOUTCHER, Executor.

CALEB FOULKE

Has juſt imported, in the Fortune, Captain Haydon, from London, and now opening, at his ſtore in Market-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet,

A GENERAL Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable terms. §

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from England and other parts of Europe, and to be ſold by the package or piece, by

PETER WIKOFF,

In Front-ſtreet, half way between Arch and Race-ſtreets, for caſh, bills of exchange, tobacco, treaſury intereſt notes, Mr. R. Morris's notes, or any good paper ſecurities, or on ſhort credit, on the moſt reaſonable terms that can be afforded, an aſſortment of GOODS, among which are,

IRISH linens of various ſorts and prices, olive coloured, drab and white corduroys, jeans, fuſtians, white and black gauzes of the moſt faſhionable kinds, dimities, bed bunts, counterpanes, Marſeilles quilting, ſuperfine broadcloths, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, plain and flowered Queen's ware, ſorted in ſmall and large crates, ſuitable for families and ſtores, &c. &c. Tbc 2 m.

Town of Northumberland,

TO all Perſons entitled to a *Lot* or *Lots* of *Land* in the Town of NORTHUMBERLAND, in the County of Northumberland, in the State of Pennſylvania, in virtue of a certain Contract, entered into by William Patterſon and John Lowden, and who have not received Deeds for the ſame:

REUBEN HAINES, of the City of Philadelphia, hereby gives Notice, that he, as aſſignee of the aforeſaid Patterſon and Lowden, will attend at the houſe of Robert Martin, Eſquire, in the ſaid Town of Northumberland, from the 10th to the 30th day of June next, in order to execute Deeds of Conveyance of the ſaid Lots of Land, to all perſons who are entitled to receive the ſame, by virtue of the ſaid Contract, and according to the true intent and meaning thereof. ¶

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, at the houſe of HENRY DILLS, in Mount-Bethel townſhip, on the 13th day of May next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A certain Plantation and Tract of LAND, ſituate in ſaid townſhip, bounded by land of Richard Smith, Jacob Rymil and Henry Whiteman, and containing 100 acres, more or leſs, late the eſtate of John Scott, ſeized and taken in execution, by

Eaſton, April 10, 1784. § ROBERT TRAILL, Sheriff.

MR. CLABEAU, Surgeon-dentiſt, begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen, that he cures every diſorder incident to the mouth, repairs defects, fixes obturatures artificial palates, both natural and artificial teeth, with the greateſt facility and in the moſt ſolid manner, which give a great eaſe of ſpeech and a youthful air.

The utility of the teeth, and the little care that is taken to preſerve them, is remarkable. The origin and formation of the teeth is the work of nature, but their preſervation depends generally on the aſſiſtance of an experienced dentiſt; tho' none of our members are of more utility, yet they are moſt neglected, while nothing is more agreeable than cleanlineſs, and principally that of the mouth. It is well known uncleanlineſs deſtroys them and gives a diſagreeable breath; on the other hand, the beauty of a fine ſet of teeth, when taken good care of, with the good effect of making the breath ſweet and agreeable, muſt have met every one's obſervation; all which may be attained with a little trouble, every morning cleanſing them with proper remedies and a little milk-warm water, which I recommend. In the mean time it will be neceſſary for perſons who have ſcales on their teeth, to have them cleaned by an experienced dentiſt. The following are the proper remedies for cleaning, whitening, and preſerving them, viz.

A box of tooth-powder 5*s*. A pot of dentifrice opiate 6*s*. A pot of dentifrice antiſcorbutic opiate 12*s*. Souveraine water for the above uſe, preventing many diſorders in the mouth, 15*s*. Dragon root, a piece 2*s*/6. New invented tooth bruſh 2*s*/6. A phial with a compoſition for eaſing the tooth-ache 7*s*/6.

N. B. Every operation preformed on the moſt reaſonable terms, and teeth drawn gratis for the poor, at his apartment next door but one to the Coffee houſe, in Market-ſtreet.

Philadelphia. February 24, 1784. §

Taunton IRON-WORKS for Sale.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the reſpective premiſes, at two o'clock in the afternoon of the days hereafter mentioned, if not diſpoſed of in the mean time by private contract.

On THURSDAY, the 20th of May next,

ALL thoſe valuable works called Taunton Iron-Works, together with the Saw-Mills, ſituate in Eveſham townſhip, Burlington county, Weſt-Jerſey, conſiſting of

1ſt. A Furnace erected on a plan ſo as to caſt eighty tons of pig iron in a month.

2d. A Forge with three fires, adjoining the furnace, which has lately been repaired, and is now in excellent order.

3d. A Saw-Mill, newly erected, adjoining the above works, ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water.

4th. One eighth part of another Saw-Mill, called Pricket's Saw-Mill, diſtant about one mile and a half from the above works.

The above works are diſtant 17 miles from Philadelphia, are well ſupplied by never failing ſtreams of water, and iron ore lies ſo near that a team may hawl three loads a day, and the metal is well known to equal, if not excel, any on the continent for making hollow ware, pig iron, and eſpecially cannon, of which ſufficient proof has been given. A large tract of wood, adjoining and belonging to the works, lies ſo near that a team may bring in ſix loads of coal in a day, and the expence of conveying iron to Philadelphia is but twelve ſhillings a ton, a navigable creek being near to the works, and contiguous to the whole is a good manſion houſe, with ſeveral houſes convenient for workmen.

On FRIDAY, the 21ſt of May next,

A Plantation, with an Air Furnace and Diſtillery erected thereon, pleaſantly ſituated near Mountholly, in the county of Burlington, containing about 200 acres of land, 40 of which are meadow, 30 woodland, and the whole under good fence.

On a pleaſant and eligible ſpot of the plantation has lately been built a good two ſtory houſe, conſiſting of four rooms on a floor, with a good detatched kitchen, convenient outhouſes and a barn.

It joins the Church of Mountholly. And from the goodneſs of the ſoil, and the pleaſantneſs of the country, is a moſt agreeable and commodious ſpot either to a perſon who would wiſh to retire from buſineſs, or to one who is inclined to follow the iron works, the air furnace being thought equal to any, having caſt two pair of ſix pound cannon in a day.

Twenty acres of cedar ſwamp, to ſupply the above plantation, will be ſold therewith.

The conditions of ſale will be made known at the different times of ſale, by THOMAS MAYBERRY. † *April* 20.

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